# ROCKCOTE RESENE LTD TRADING AS RESENE CONSTRUCTION SYSTEMS

Version No: **1.2**Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

Issue Date: **18/08/2017** Print Date: **18/08/2017** L.GHS.NZL.EN

# SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	PSL SOLID PLAST
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Us	se according to manufacturer's directions
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## Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	ROCKCOTE RESENE LTD TRADING AS RESENE CONSTRUCTION SYSTEMS
Address	32-50 VOGEL STREET LOWER HUTT New Zealand New Zealand
Telephone	+64 4 577 0500
Fax	+64 4 577 3327
Website	www.resene.co.nz
Email	Not Available

## Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available
Emergency telephone numbers	0800737363
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

# CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE

Primary Number	Alternative Number 1	Alternative Number 2
+800 2436 2255	+800 2436 2255	+612 9186 1132

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

## **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification <sup>[1]</sup>	Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 5, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Category 2
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	8.3A, 6.9B, 6.1E (inhalation), 6.3A

### Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)





SIGNAL WORD DANGER

# Hazard statement(s)

H333	May be harmful if inhaled
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

## Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

#### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

## Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

## **SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

## Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
14808-60-7.	40-80	graded sand
65997-15-1	10-30	portland cement

# **SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

NZ Poisons Centre 0800 POISON (0800 764 766) | NZ Emergency Services: 111

#### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:  Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water.  Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.  Continue flushing for at least 15 minutes.  Transport to hospital or doctor in event of irritation.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs:  Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	▶ Remove from contaminated area.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

# Extinguishing media

- ► There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

## Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility None known.

#### Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	► Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	► Non combustible.

# **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

## **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

# Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	<ul> <li>Remove all ignition sources.</li> </ul>
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Major Spills

Moderate hazard.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

#### **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
Other information	► Store in original containers.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	► As supplied by manufacturer
Storage incompatibility	Water

# **SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control parameters**

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

#### INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	portland cement	Portland cement	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
EMERGENCY LIMITS						
Ingredient	Material name			TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
graded sand	Silica, crystalline-quartz; (Silicon dioxide)			0.075 mg/m3	33 mg/m3	200 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH			Revised IDLH		
graded sand	N.E. / N.E.			50 mg/m3		
portland cement	N.E. / N.E.			5,000 mg/m3		

# MATERIAL DATA

for calcium silicate:

containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica

ES TWA: 10 mg/m3 inspirable dust

TLV TWA: 10 mg/m3 total dust (synthetic nonfibrous) A4

Although in vitro studies indicate that calcium silicate is more toxic than substances described as 'nuisance dusts' is thought that adverse health effects which might occur following exposure to 10-20 mg/m3 are likely to be minimal.

NOTE: This substance has been classified by the ACGIH as A4 NOT classifiable as causing Cancer in humans

For aluminium oxide:

The experimental and clinical data indicate that aluminium oxide acts as an 'inert' material when inhaled and seems to have little effect on the lungs nor does it produce significant organic disease or toxic effects when exposures are kept under reasonable control.

# **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	► Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	▶ Overalls.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

# Respiratory protection

#### Particulate.

- Respirators may be necessary when engineering and administrative controls do not adequately prevent exposures.
- The decision to use respiratory protection should be based on professional judgment that takes into account toxicity information, exposure measurement data, and frequency and likelihood of the worker's exposure ensure users are not subject to high thermal loads which may result in heat stress or distress due to personal protective equipment (powered, positive flow, full face apparatus may be an option).
- Published occupational exposure limits, where they exist, will assist in determining the adequacy of the selected respiratory protection. These may be government mandated or wonder recommended.
- Certified respirators will be useful for protecting workers from inhalation of particulates when properly selected and fit tested as part of a complete respiratory protection program.
- Use approved positive flow mask if significant quantities of dust becomes airborne.

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▶ Try to avoid creating dust conditions.

# **SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Grey powder		
Physical state	Solid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	0
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	0

## **SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	► Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

# **SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Evidence shows, or practical experience predicts, that the material produces irritation of the respiratory system, in a substantial number of individuals, following inhalation.  Inhalation of dusts, generated by the material during the course of normal handling, may be damaging to the health of the individual.			
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'.			
Skin Contact	The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. Skin contact may result in severe irritation particularly to broken skin. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.			
Eye	When applied to the eye(s) of animals, the material produces severe ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation.			
Chronic	Serious damage (clear functional disturbance or morphological change which may have toxicological significance) is likely to be caused by repeated or prolonged exposure.  Chronic exposure to aluminas (aluminium oxides) of particle size 1.2 microns did not produce significant systemic or respiratory system effects in workers.  Cement contact dermatitis (CCD) may occur when contact shows an allergic response, which may progress to sensitisation.  Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying with cracking, irritation and possible dermatitis following.			
graded sand	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
graded Sand	Not Available	Not Available		
nortland coment	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
portland cement	Not Available	Not Available		

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	extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances		
PORTLAND CEMENT	The following information refers to contact allergens as a gro		
GRADED SAND & PORTLAND CEMENT	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases.  No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.		
Acute Toxicity	✓	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	<b>✓</b>	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	0	STOT - Repeated Exposure	<b>✓</b>
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0

Legend:

X - Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data available to make classification

O - Data Not Available to make classification

# **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## Toxicity

	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
PSL SOLID PLAST	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
graded sand	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
portland cement	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Legend:	Extracted from 1 IIIC	CLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registe	red Substances - Ecotoxicologic	al Information - Aquatic Tox	ricity 2 EDIM/INI Suito I

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

# Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air	
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients	

# Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
	No Data available for all ingredients	

# Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility	
	No Data available for all ingredients	

# **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.

(Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

 $\blacktriangleright \ \ \text{Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options}.$ 

Ensure that the disposal of material is carried out in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001.

# **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# Labels Required

Labels Required	
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

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Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

## **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002544	Construction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006

#### GRADED SAND(14808-60-7.) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

PORTLAND CEMENT(65997-15-1) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

## **Location Test Certificate**

Subject to Regulation 55 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations, a location test certificate is required when quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below are present.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply for closed containers	Quantity beyond which controls apply when use occurring in open containers
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

## **Approved Handler**

Subject to Regulation 56 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations and Regulation 9 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 6, 8, and 9 Controls) Regulations, the substance must be under the personal control of an Approved Handler when present in a quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

#### **Tracking Requirements**

Not Applicable

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Y
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Legend:	

# **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

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